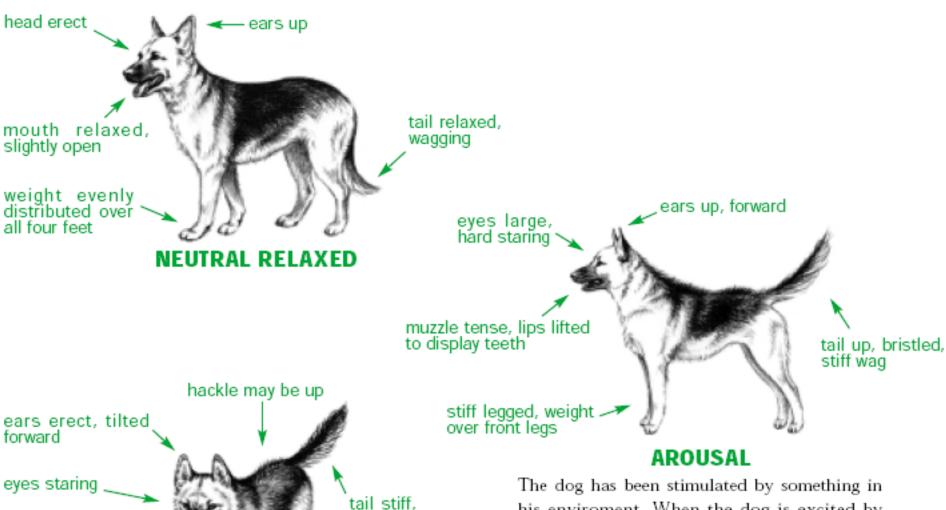
# Reading Canine Body Postures



While dogs cannot speak, they do display their state of mind via their body language. By taking careful note of ear position, pupil dilation, facial tension (particularly around the muzzle and forehead), tail carriage and body weight distribution, an observer can detect whether a dog is relaxed or fearful, or acting in a submissive or dominant manner toward the observer.



raised

### AGGRESSIVE ATTACK

lips curled

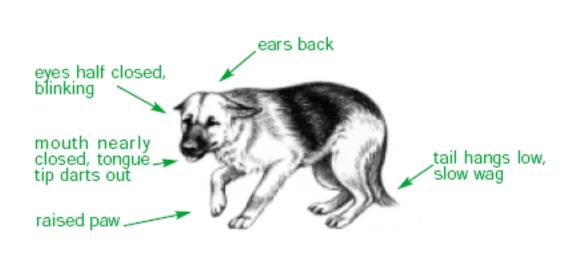
snarling

teeth bared,

charging, weight forward

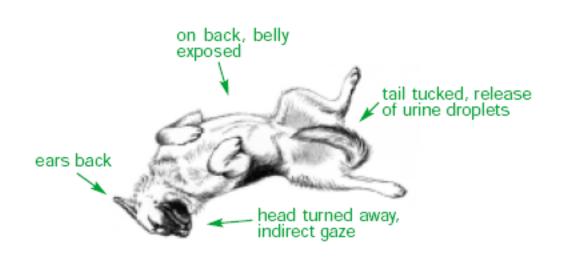
This threatening posture is used to chase another away or, if need be, to attack in order to protect possessions, pack or self.

his environment. When the dog is excited by something pleasurable, the hackles will be down and the tail will be carried a little lower and will loosely wag. The muzzle will be relaxed and the tongue may be seen. This posture may be displayed to subordinates in order to express higher ranking pack position.



### ACTIVE SUBMISSION

This pacifying posture is used when a dog acknowledges another dog or human's higher social ranking, or to inhibit another's aggression.



### PASSIVE SUBMISSION

Bellying up indicates surrender, a pacifying gesture offered to a more dominant or aggressive individual.



hackles may be up

#### DEFENSIVE AGGRESSION When fearful, a dog will give warning signals

to indicate he does not wish to be approached. If, unheeded, he will bite to protect himself.

# Dog-to-Dog Communication

forepaw, looking away, licking or nudging at the other's muzzle or bowing with the forelegs are submissive gestures. Mounting, raising up stiffly on one's toes, or placing one's head over another's withers (the place where the neck meets the back) indicate the more dominate individual of that interaction.

When dog meets dog, they signal their status in relation to each other. Actions like raising a



# quick muzzle grasp. The pup learns to offer

submissive body postures.



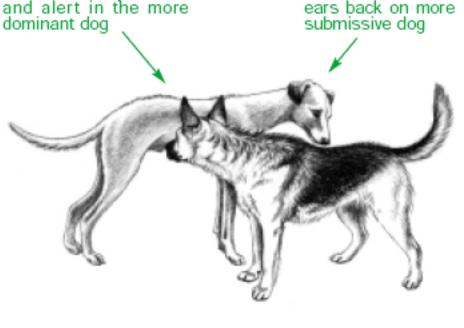
tail up, loosely wagging

### eyes semi-closed, soft ears back tail down nudges moutri area of dominant dog, may lick or tongué flick ears and tail up forward raised front paw GREETING BEHAVIOR

# A submissive dog may greet a more dominant

dog with a muzzle nudge as an appeasement (pacifying) gesture.

# to play or as part of courtship behavior.



GREETING POSTURE Dogs sniff each other's genital region when

greeting to gather information on sexual status.